

## APPENDIX ONE

### PHYSICAL ADDRESS

The principle office and official address of the Board is as follows: Arkansas State Board of Public Accountancy, 101 East Capitol Avenue, Suite 450, Little Rock, AR 72201. Telephone (501) 682-1520 and Facsimile (501) 682-5538.

## APPENDIX TWO

### CODE OF PROFESSIONAL CONDUCT

#### PREAMBLE

This Code of Professional Conduct is promulgated under the authority granted by the Public Accountancy Act of 1975, as amended, codified as A.C.A. §17-12-101 et.seq., (hereafter referred to as "the Act") which delegates to the Arkansas State Board of Public Accountancy the power and duty to prescribe rules of professional conduct for establishing and maintaining high standards of competence and integrity in the profession of public accountancy.

The Rules of Conduct set out below rest upon the premises that the reliance of the public in general and of the business community in particular on sound financial reporting, and on the implication of professional competence which inheres in the authorized use of legally restricted title relating to the practice of public accountancy, imposes on persons engaged in such practice certain obligations both to their clients and to the public. These obligations, which the Rules of Conduct are intended to enforce where necessary, include the obligation to maintain independence of thought and action, to strive continuously to improve one's professional skills, to observe where applicable generally accepted accounting principles and generally accepted auditing standards, to promote confidence, to uphold the standards of the public accountancy professional, and to maintain high standards of personal conduct in all matters affecting one's fitness to practice public accountancy.

Acceptance of licensure to engage in the practice of public accountancy, or to use titles which imply a particular competence so to engage, involves acceptance by the licensee of such obligations, and accordingly of a duty to abide by the Rules of Conduct.

The Rules of Conduct are intended to have application to all kinds of professional services performed in the practice of public accountancy, including tax and management advisory services, and to apply as well to all licensees, whether or not engaged in the practice of public accountancy except where the wording of a Rule clearly indicates that the applicability is more limited.

A licensee who is engaged in the practice of public accountancy outside the United States will not be subject to discipline by the Board for departing, with respect to such foreign practice, from any of the Rules, so long as his or her conduct is in accordance with the standards of professional conduct applicable to the practice of public accountancy in the country in which he or she is practicing. However, even in such a case, if a licensee's name is associated with financial statements in such manner as to imply that he or she is acting as an independent Public Accountant and under circumstances that would entitle the reader to assume that United States practices are followed, he or she will be expected to comply with Rules 201, 202 and 203.

In the interpretation and enforcement of the Rules of Conduct, the Board will give consideration, but not necessarily dispositive weight, to relevant interpretations, rulings and opinions issued by the Boards of other jurisdictions, and by appropriately authorized committees on ethics of professional organizations.

## RULES OF CONDUCT

### INDEPENDENCE, INTEGRITY AND OBJECTIVITY

#### Rule 101-Independence.

A licensee in public practice shall be independent in the performance of professional services as required by professional standards as defined in Board Rule 8.2.

When a licensee or registered firm is associated with a non-licensed office or business, the licensee or registered firm shall disclose the licensee's or registered firm's lack of independence when performing attest services or compilation services for a client who has paid or is expected to pay a commission or contingent fee to such non-licensed office or business.

#### Definition of "Associated With:"

For purposes of Rules 101, 406, 407 and 408, the term "associated with" shall include (1) any written or non-written contractual relationship between the licensee or registered firm and non-licensed office or business whereby compensation is paid to or received from the non-licensed office or business by the licensee or registered firm in connection with the performance of professional services, (2) a situation where a relative (spouse, child, parent or sibling) of the licensee owns an interest in the non-licensed office or business, or (3) a situation where any (licensed) owner or employee of the firm, registered firm or licensee owns an interest in the non-licensed office or business.

#### Definition of "Registered Firm:"

For purposes of Rules 101, 406, 407 and 408, the term "registered firm" shall be defined as any partnership, corporation, professional corporation, and limited liability company of certified public accountants or public accountants registered with the Board pursuant to A.C.A. §17-12-401 et seq.

#### Rule 102-Integrity and Objectivity.

In the performance of professional services, a licensee shall maintain objectivity and integrity, shall be free of conflicts of interest, and shall not knowingly misrepresent facts nor subordinate his or her judgment to others. In tax practice, however, a licensee may resolve doubt in favor of his or her client as long as there is reasonable support for his or her position.

#### Rule 103-Incompatible Occupations.

A licensee shall not concurrently engage in the practice of public accountancy and in any other business or occupation which impairs his or her independence or objectivity in rendering professional services.

### COMPETENCE AND TECHNICAL STANDARDS

#### Rule 201- General Standards.

A licensee shall comply with the following standards:

(A) The licensee or licensee's firm shall undertake only those professional services that can reasonably be expected to be completed with professional competence.

(B) The licensee shall exercise due professional care in the performance of

professional services.

(C) The licensee shall adequately plan and supervise the performance of professional services.

(D) The licensee obtain sufficient relevant data to afford a reasonable basis for conclusions or recommendations in relation to any professional services performed.

#### Rule 202- Compliance with Standards.

A licensee who performs auditing, review, compilation, management consulting, tax, or other professional services shall comply with professional standards as defined in Board Rule 8.2.

#### Rule 203-Accounting Principles.

A licensee shall not (1) express an opinion or state affirmatively that the financial statements or other financial data of any entity are presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles or (2) state that he or she is not aware of any material modifications that should be made to such statements or data in order for them to be in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles, if such financial statements or data contain any departure from an accounting principle promulgated by bodies identified in Board Rule 8 to establish such principles that has a material effect on the financial statements or data taken as a whole, unless the licensee can demonstrate that by reason of unusual circumstances the financial statements or data would otherwise have been misleading. In such a case, the licensee's report must describe the departure, the approximate effects thereof, if practicable, and the reasons why compliance with the principle would result in a misleading statement. For purposes of this Rule generally accepted accounting principles are considered to be defined by pronouncements issued by the Financial Accounting Standards Board and its predecessor entities and similar pronouncements issued by other entities having similar generally recognized authority.

#### Rule 204- Prospective Financial Statements or Data.

A licensee shall not in the performance of professional services permit his or her name to be used in conjunction with any prospective financial statements or data in a manner which may reasonably lead to the belief that the licensee vouches for the achievability of the prospective financial statements or data.

Names of one or more past partners, members or shareholders may be included in the firm name of a partnership, limited liability company or corporation or its successor, and a partner or member surviving the death or withdrawal of all other partners or members may continue to practice under a partnership or limited liability company name for up to two (2) years after becoming a sole practitioner.

A fictitious firm name (that is, one not consisting of the names or initials of one or more present or former partners, members or shareholders) may not be used by a CPA firm unless such name has been registered with and approved by the Board as not being false or misleading.

### RESPONSIBILITIES TO CLIENTS

#### Rule 301-Confidential Client Information.

A licensee shall not without the consent of his or her client disclose any confidential information pertaining to his or her client obtained in the course of performing professional services.

This Rule does not (A) relieve a licensee of any obligations under Rules 202 and 203, (B) affect in any way a licensee's obligation to comply with a validly issued subpoena or summons

enforceable by order of court, or prohibit a licensee's compliance with applicable laws and government regulations, (C) prohibit review of a licensee's professional practice under Board authorization, or (D) preclude a licensee from initiating a complaint with, or responding to any inquiry made by the Board or any investigative or disciplinary body established by law or formally recognized by the Board.

Members of the Board and professional practice reviewers shall not use to their own advantage or disclose any confidential client information which comes to their attention in carrying out those activities. This prohibition shall not restrict licensee's exchange of information in connection with the investigative or disciplinary proceedings described in (D) above or the professional practice reviews described in (C) above.

#### Rule 302-Records.

A licensee shall furnish to his or her client or former client, upon request made within a reasonable time after original issuance of the document in question.

(A) A copy of a tax return of the client, and

(B) A copy of any report, or other document, issued by the licensee to or for such client, and

(C) Any accounting or other records belonging to, or obtained on behalf of, the client which the licensee removed from the client's premises or received for the client's account, but the licensee may make and retain copies of such documents when they form the basis for work done by him or her, and

(D) A copy of the licensee's working papers on completed engagements, to the extent that such working papers include information not reflected in the client's books and records (with the result that the client's financial information is incomplete) and such information is not otherwise available to the client. However, the licensee may require that fees due the licensee with respect to such completed engagements be paid before such information is provided.

### OTHER RESPONSIBILITIES AND PRACTICES

#### Rule 401-Discreditable Acts.

A licensee shall not commit any act discreditable to the profession.

#### Rule 402-Acting Through Others.

A licensee shall not permit others to carry out on his or her behalf, either with or without compensations, acts which, if carried out by the licensee, would place him in violation of the Rules of Conduct.

#### Rule 403-Advertising and Other Forms of Solicitation.

A licensee shall not seek to obtain clients by advertising or other forms of solicitation in a manner that is false, misleading, or deceptive. Solicitation by the use of coercion, over-reaching, or harassing conduct is prohibited.

#### Rule 404 - Firm Names.

A licensee may practice public accounting only in a form of organization permitted by the Act. A licensee shall not practice public accountancy under a name which is misleading in any way, as to the legal form of the firm, or as to the persons who are partners, managers, members, officers or shareholders of the firm, or as to any matter with respect to which public communications are restricted by Rule 403. However, names of one or more past partners, members or shareholders may be included in the firm name of a partnership, limited liability company or corporation or its successor, and a partner or member surviving the death or withdrawal of all other partners or

members may continue to practice under a partnership or limited liability company name for up to two (2) years after becoming a sole practitioner.

A fictitious firm name (that is, one not consisting of the names or initials of one or more present or former partners, members or shareholders) may not be used by a CPA firm unless such name has been registered with and approved by the Board as not being false or misleading.

#### Rule 405 - Practice in Un-registered Entity.

A licensee shall not practice public accountancy in association with a sole proprietor, partnership, corporation or other entity which is not registered with the Board, unless the appropriate disclaimer is used as provided in §17-12-404 of the Act.

#### Rule 406-Notification by Licensees Who Are Associated With a Non-licensed Office or Business.

A licensee or registered firm that is associated with a non-licensed office or business which performs professional services as defined in §17-12-103(12) of the Act shall notify the Board of such offices or businesses within 30 days after the creation of the relationship. Notice must be similarly given by the licensee or firm when the relationship terminates. No form is provided for such notices, but they must be in writing and whether in letter form or otherwise, they must clearly be labeled with "Notice of Association With, or Ownership of, Non-Licensed Office or Business." A separate notice must be provided for each such non-licensed office or business.

Information to be contained in the notices shall include:

- Name of Non-licensed Office or Business
- Name of Owner(s), and Percentage of Ownership of Each (if more than one)
- Name of Manager of Office or Business
- Address of Office or Business
- Phone Number of Office or Business
- Nature of Professional Services Performed
- Effective Date of Relationship or Termination.
- Additional information may be requested by the Board.

#### Rule 407-Referral or Recommendation between a Licensee or Firm in Which a Licensee is an Owner or Employee and a Non-licensed Office or Business Performing Professional Services With Which the Licensee or Firm is Associated.

Any licensee or registered firm that accepts a client that results from a recommendation or referral by a non-licensed office or business with which the licensee or firm is associated shall disclose such association or ownership to the client at the time the client is accepted. Similarly, a licensee or registered firm that refers or recommends a client to a non-licensed office or business with which the licensee or firm is associated must disclose that relationship to the client at the time of the referral or recommendation. No form is provided for such notices, but they must be in writing and delivered to the client.

#### Rule 408-Notification to Client of Acceptance of Commissions or Referral Fees.

A licensee or registered firm that is paid or expects to be paid a commission or who accepts a referral fee shall disclose the existence of such commission or referral fee to the client at the time the referral is made. A licensee or registered firm who pays a referral fee to obtain a client shall disclose to the client the existence of such payment of the fee prior to accepting the client. No form is provided for such notices, but they must be in writing and delivered to the client.

#### Rule 409 - Communications.

A licensee shall, when requested, respond to communications from the Board within thirty (30)

days of the mailing of such communications by registered or certified mail.

#### Rule 410 - Change of Address or Business Affiliation.

A licensee shall comply with Board Rule 9 regarding change of address or business affiliation.

#### Rule 411 - Failure to File Tax Returns.

The willful failure by the licensee to file an income tax return, including his or her own, and the resulting conviction, plea of guilty or nolo contendere in connection therewith, shall be considered conduct discreditable to the public accounting profession.

#### Rule 412 – Criminal Convictions/Disciplinary Actions

- a) A licensee who is convicted of or pleads guilty or nolo contendere to any crime other than a traffic violation, regardless of whether the adjudication of guilt or sentence is withheld, suspended or deferred in any court of this state, another state, or the federal government, shall make a written report thereof to the Board within thirty (30) days after the conviction or plea. The report shall include the date of the offense and of the conviction or plea, the name and address of the court, the specific crime for which convicted or to which the plea is entered, the fine, penalty and/or other sanctions imposed, and copies of the charging document and judgment of conviction or other disposition, including probation or suspension of sentence. The report shall also include the licensee's explanation of the circumstances which led to the charge and conviction or plea, along with any other information which the licensee wishes to submit.
- b) A licensee who after the initiation of an investigation, hearing or other administrative action surrenders or who has a professional, vocational or occupational license, permit certification or registration to practice public accountancy by an agency of any state or the federal government denied, revoked, suspended or cancelled or who is subject to any sanctions, including probation, involving such license, permit certification or registration shall make a written report thereof to the Board within thirty (30) days after such action. The report shall include the date of the action, the name and address of the regulatory agency which has taken the action and copies of documents pertaining thereto. The report shall also include the licensee's explanation of the circumstances which led to the action, along with any additional information the licensee wishes to submit.
- c) An applicant for a license who has been convicted of or pleaded guilty or nolo contendere, as described in paragraph (a) above, to any crime other than a traffic violation or who after initiation of an investigation, hearing or other administrative action has surrendered or has had a professional, vocational or occupational license, permit, certification or registration denied, revoked, suspended or canceled or who has been subjected to any sanctions, including probation, as described in paragraph (b) above, involving such a license, permit, certification or registration shall furnish the written report referred to in paragraph (a) and/or (b) above to the Board at the time the application is submitted if such action has already occurred; otherwise, such report shall be made immediately after the action occurs.

[Adopted effective 10/31/03]